India provide that applicant desirous to start a medical college should own and manage a hospital of not less than 300 beds with necessary infractructural facilities, capable of being developed into a teaching institution in the campus of the proposed medical college. There is no provision for running a medical college with tie-up with other hospital.

(c) There is no such proposal at present.

Upgradation of contraceptives and sterilization in Rajasthan

1210. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether any new programmes and schemes are being introduced to upgrade contraceptives and sterilization in the State of Rajasthan;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether Government also plan to effectively educate the urban and rural people in Rajasthan about these programmes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) to (c) No new programmes and schemes to upgrade contraceptives and sterilization, are being proposed in the State of Rajasthan. However, Emergency Contraceptive is being introduced into the National Family Welfare Programme including Rajasthan. Emergency Contraceptive is used to prevent pregnancy with in 72 hours of an unprotected act of sexual intercourse and is, therefore, not a method for contraception.

Upon introduction, it is proposed to disseminate information to the public on the use of the Emergency Contraceptives.

Indian Medical Council (Prof ressional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations 2002

1211. SHRI P. PRABHAKAR REDDY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have recently issued the Indian Medical Council (Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations 2002;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the main purpose thereof; and

(c) the reaction of the Medical Councils thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) to (c) Yes, Sir. The Indian Medical Council (Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002 have been published in Section 4 Part-Ill of the Gazette of India dated the 6th April, 2002. These Regulations framed in consultation with Medical Council of India seek to define the character of a physician, his duties and responsibilities in general and also to the patients and his colleagues in the profession. Further, the Regulations have identified various acts of commission and omission on the part of a physician which shall be construed as unethical act and misconduct which may render him liable ' for disciplinary action including removal of his name from the register permanently or for a limited period.

Malaria cases in Karnataka

1212. SHRI H.K. JAVARE GOWDA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Malaria cases are increasing in the State of Karnataka during the year 2001 -2002;

(b) if so, the details of Malaria cases reported in the State for the year 2000-2001 and 2001-2002, district-wise; and

(c) the schemes introduced to tackle the problem and the amount released to Karnataka by Government for the last three years along with details?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) and (b) As per reports received from the State Health Authorities there has been an increasing trend in malaria cases in Karnataka during 2001 as compared to the previous year. However, during 2002 (up to May) malaria incidence has shown a declining trend as compared to the last year District-wise epidemiological situation in the State for the year 200'0, 2001 and 2002 (up to May, 2002) in Statement. *{See* below)

(c) Strategies adopted for control of malaria are as under:—

• Early case detection and prompt treatment.